## (12) UK Patent Application (19) GB (11) 2 333 878 (13) A

(43) Date of A Publication 04.08.1999

- (21) Application No 9901782.4
- (22) Date of Filing 28.01.1999
- (30) Priority Data
  - (31) 60072878 (31) 60097501
- (32) 28.01.1998 (33) US
- (32) 21.08.1998
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- (51) INT CL6 G07F 7/10, G06F 17/60
- (52) UK CL (Edition Q) **G4T TBX**
- (56) Documents Cited

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Field of Search UK CL (Edition Q ) G4T TBX INT CL6 G06F 17/60 , G07F 7/10 , G07G 1/14

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## (54) Abstract Title Performing an online transaction using card information and PIN

(57) A method of performing a financial transaction between a purchaser 12 and a supplier 14 comprises creating an electronic instruction 15 containing encrypted card information (39, Figure 3), including card and bank account details, encrypted security information, including a PIN (40, Figure 3) for the card, and transaction amount information, and operating on the instruction using a secure mechanism 74 providing verification of the purchaser's identity and the instruction integrity. Preferably the instruction is created on a personal computer (50, Figure 3) and the secure mechanism involves a digital signature, a digital certificate, or encrypting the instruction. Preferably in operation the purchaser transmits the created instruction over the internet 16, by email or a WWW browser, to the supplier, who may append payment instructions 17 to the instruction and perform further encryption or security operations 76 on the instruction. The supplier sends, via the internet 18, the instruction to a financial institution having online ATM/POS access 24 to the bank accounts of both the purchaser 28 and supplier 34. The institution decrypts the instruction, verifies the instruction integrity and purchaser's account details, and transfers the required sum from the purchaser's account, accessed via the online ATM/POS link 30, 36 using the purchasers card details and PIN, to the supplier's account. The institution then issues an authorisation message 32 to the supplier indicating the approval status of the transaction. A financial institution having online ATM/POS access to be used with such an instruction is also claimed.

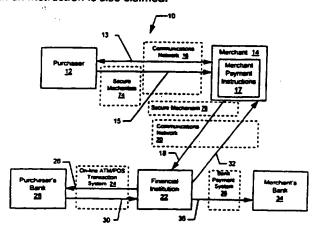


FIG.1

At least one drawing originally filed was informal and the print reproduced here is taken from a later filed formal copy.

This print takes account of replacement documents submitted after the date of filing to enable the application to comply with the formal requirements of the Patents Rules 1995

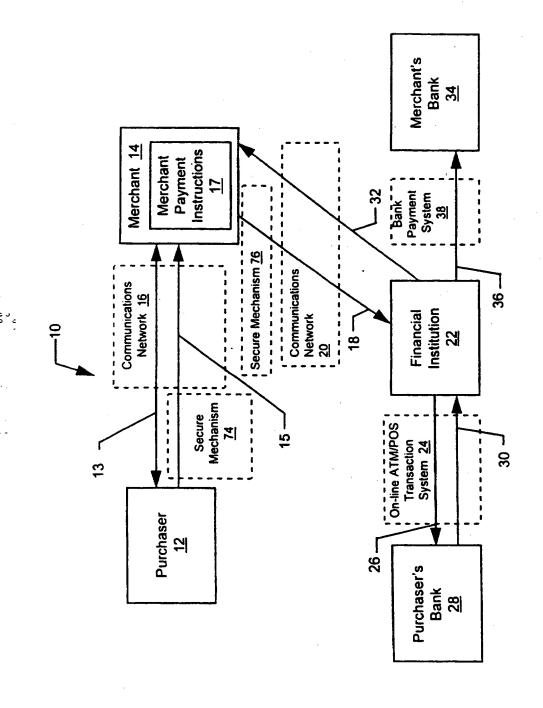


FIG. 1

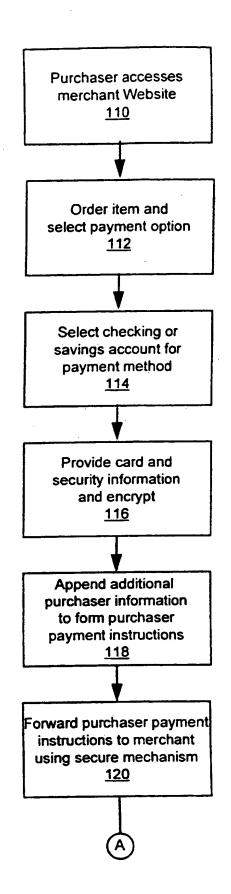


FIG.2A

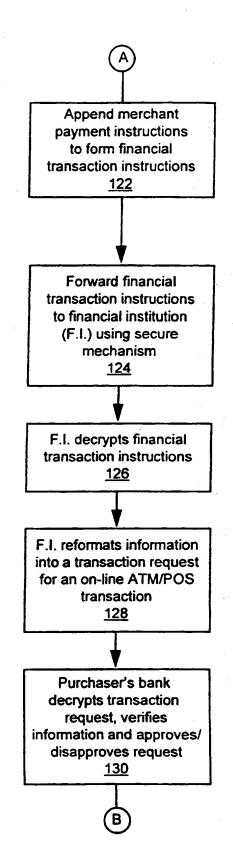


FIG.2B

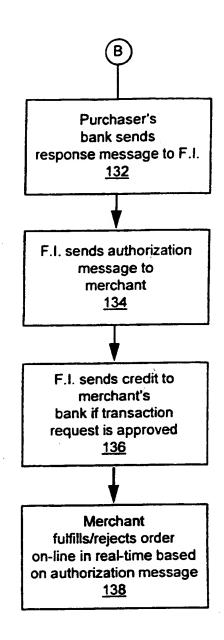
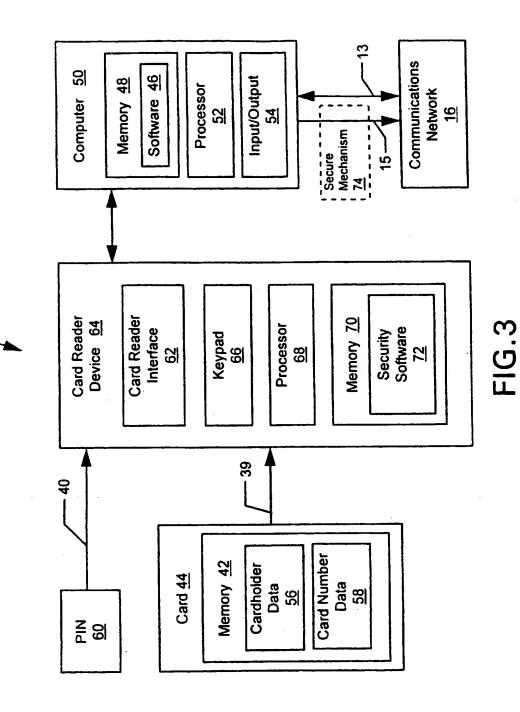


FIG.2C



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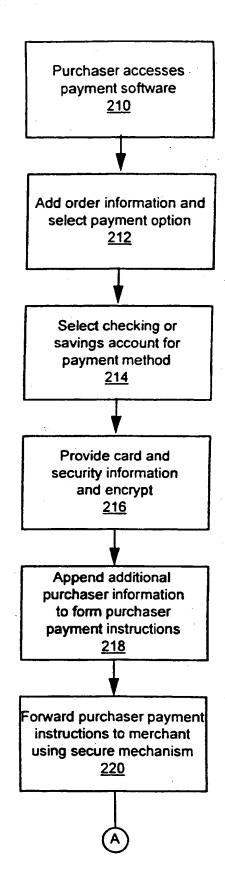


FIG.4A

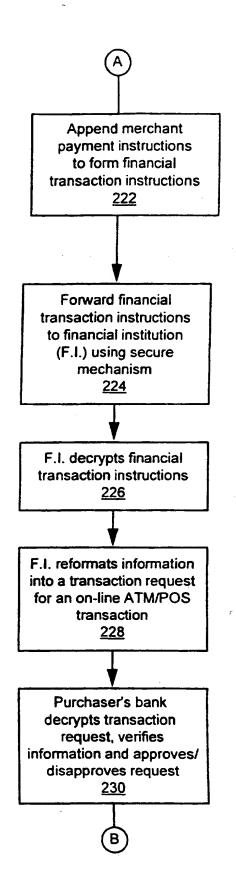


FIG.4B

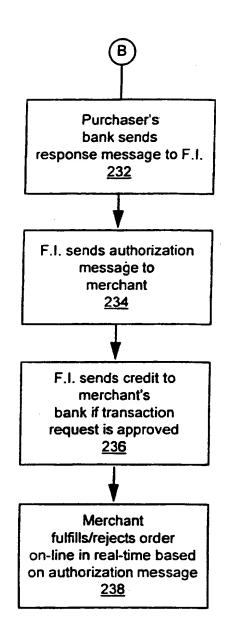


FIG.4C

1	System And Method For Performing An Electronic
2	Financial Transaction
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4	Cross-Reference to Related Applications
5	This application claims the benefit of U.S.
6	Provisional Application No. 60/072,878 filed January
7	28, 1998 and U.S. Provisional Application No.
8	60/097,501 filed August 21, 1998.
9	
LO	Background Of The Invention
Ll	The present invention relates to electronic funds
L2	transfer instruments, and more particularly, to
١3	performing secure financial transactions over a public
L <b>4</b>	access network using checking and savings account
15	funds.
16	
17	With the increasing commercialization of the
18	Internet, new methods of performing secure and
19	verifiable payment transactions are desired. The most
20	common methods in use today, for example, require a
21	purchaser to enter credit card or non-PIN-based debit
22	card information and send it, unsecured or secured by
23	encryption, to a merchant. The merchant decrypts the
24	card information and uses it to complete the
25	transaction. This type of transaction is known as a

Mail Order Telephone Order (MOTO) transaction. 1 transactions are disadvantageous from a merchant 2 standpoint, however, because they are costly and risky. 3 A merchant's cost for performing a MOTO transaction may 4 be 5% or more of the entire transaction amount. MOTO transactions are risky because the merchant has no idea 6 with whom they are actually dealing. Because a 7 personal identification number (PIN) is not required, 8 the only authorization-type of check that a merchant 9 can use in a MOTO transaction is to verify the mailing 10 address given by the purchaser with the issuing card 11 company's mailing address for the card number. Often, 12 the merchant must pay a fee to the card company to be 13 supplied with this mailing address information. 14 Further, the merchant, as opposed to the card company, 15 assumes liability for a shipment in a MOTO transaction 16 if no address confirmation is obtained. 17

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For example, for a debit card linked to a credit card account, a consumer does not need to enter a PIN when they have a Visa or Mastercard logo on their debit card. The transaction is performed like a credit transaction, but the funds are taken out of their checking account. That transaction goes through the Visa/Mastercard credit network, and as a result the merchant pays the 5% or more discount fee because the transaction is treated like a credit card transaction even though it winds up being charged to a checking account. For the merchant, the transaction is settled along with other credit card transactions, with the settlement occurring usually the night of the transaction, or the following day. For the purchaser, the transaction may not be charged to their account for several days.

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A second type of POS transaction utilizes the

automated teller machine (ATM) network, making it a 1 completely on-line and real time transaction. 2 type of on-line ATM/POS transaction is performed at ATM 3 machines or merchant POS terminals directly connected to the ATM network. For this type of transaction, a 5 purchaser dips or swipes their ATM, debit or check card, enters their PIN, and the network recognizes this 7 as an on-line ATM/POS transaction and routes it through 8 the same network that is used for ATM transactions. 9 part of that routing process, the network is set up to 10 route the transaction according to a Bank 11 Identification Number (BIN) included in a Primary 12 Account Number (PAN), which is the embossed number on 13 the card. The embossed number on the card is also 14 stored on the magnetic stripe of the card, or for a 15 smart card, within the memory of the microcomputer chip 16 on the card. The BIN consists of the first six digits 17 of the embossed number, according to International 18 Standards Organization (ISO) standard number ISO 7812. 19 Further, ISO provides the BIN numbers worldwide to 20 insure that there is no duplication. The BIN tells the 21 ATM network how to route the transaction so that it 22 gets back to the purchaser's bank, and each bank that 23 accepts one of these on-line ATM/POS transactions has a 24 cross-reference between the embossed number and the 25 actual account number. The on-line ATM/POS transaction 26 creates an on-line authorization that verifies the card 27 number and PIN, and determines if the card is lost or 28 stolen or if the associated account is blocked. 29 Further, the associated bank account is checked to 30 determine if there are sufficient funds to cover the 31 transaction amount. The transaction is then settled 32 the same business day through the ATM networks. 33

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An on-line ATM/POS transaction is beneficial to both the purchaser and the merchant. For the purchaser

who would normally roll-over some or all of a credit 1 card transaction, the on-line ATM/POS transaction is 2 3 beneficial because it saves the purchaser from having to pay finance charges. For the merchant, an on-line ATM/POS transaction is beneficial because the cost to the merchant for this type of transaction is based on a 6 fixed fee. The fixed fee is typically less than the 7 percentage of the transaction amount charged for credit 8 transactions, especially for transaction amounts over 9 about \$10-\$12 U.S. dollars. Thus, on-line ATM/POS 10 transactions are typically more desirable for the 11 merchant for these dollar amount transactions. 12

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Currently, the ATM network is not set up to handle the entry of a purchaser's actual account number into an ATM or merchant POS terminal and have that account number sent through the network. This is because the actual account number is not in the proper format and contains no routing instructions. Similarly, the ATM network cannot handle the direct entry of a bank's routing transit number followed by an account number, for the same reasons. Even though the BIN provides routing instructions, it is not the same number as a bank routing transit number, which is used to route paper checks, wire transfers and Automated Clearing Thus, transactions utilizing House transactions. merchant POS and ATM terminals are the only current methods commercially available for an on-line, real time financial transaction utilizing checking or savings account funds.

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In an effort to expand the available sources of payment, methods have been developed to utilize checking account funds to perform Internet transactions. These methods allow the use of "electronic checks" to perform transactions. One

example of such an electronic check is the "echeck" 1 process established by the Financial Services 2 Technology Consortium (FSTC). There are a number of 3 problems, however, associated with current electronic 4 check methods. For example, since the flow of the 5 current electronic check replicates the flow used for 6 paper checks, there is a delay between the time that 7 the electronic check is endorsed and the time that the 8 electronic check is approved for payment. This delay 9 may be one or more days. For example, the electronic 10 check transaction flow goes from the purchaser to the 11 merchant to the check service provider. 12 service provider issues a debit over the Automated 13 Clearing House (ACH) network or the Electronic Check 14 Processing (ECP) to the purchaser's account. 15 or ECP debit may take a couple of days to get to the 16 purchaser's bank, depending on how long the check 17 service provider holds on to the money to gain float 18 revenue. Also, there is the possibility that the ACH 19 or ECP debit may be returned (like a bounced check) if 20 there are not enough funds in the account. 21 result, the merchant typically must wait a number of 22 days to find out whether or not the funds are good, 23 thereby delaying fulfillment of the order. As such, 24 utilizing this type of electronic check creates 25 uncertainty for the merchant. as they are unsure if the 26 electronic check will be paid. Thus, despite the 27 transaction having the appearance to the purchaser of 28 being on-line and real time, it takes several days for 29 their account to be charged and for the transaction to 30 be completely processed. 31

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Additionally, because the typical electronic check process replicates the paper check process, the transaction flow requires the merchant's bank to have the electronic check capability. For a consumer to be

able to use this type of electronic check, however, the 1 consumer must be a member of a bank or financial 2 institution that offers this service. Over the next 5 3 to 10 years, however, only a few dozen financial institutions are estimated to participate in issuing 5 electronic checks. Because of this limited 6 7 participation, the majority of purchasers will not have access to electronic checks from the financial 8 institution with whom they have an account 9 relationship. Thus, in turn, the number of purchasers 10 that a merchant can attract and serve with an 11 electronic check is limited. 12 13 Additionally, for example, not only must the 14 15 purchaser be a member of a participating financial institution, but the merchant must set up procedures 16 for these types of transactions to deal with the 17 limited number of participating financial institutions. 18 Due to the limited number of customers who would 19 utilize this payment method, a merchant may be 20 discouraged from expending the time and money to 21 establish such a system. 22 23 24 Another scheme requires the purchaser to deposit funds into a trusted third party's account before the 25 purchaser can perform a transaction. This scheme is 26 27 fraught with inefficiencies. For example, inefficiencies include the time wasted as purchaser 28 must plan ahead in order to deposit the funds, and also 29 the time wasted in finding a third party mutually 30 trusted by the purchaser and the merchant. 31 32 use of trusted third parties is not desirable for on-33 line, real time transactions. 34 35 Further, with the Internet serving a worldwide

market, there is a desire for allowing a purchaser

using one currency to perform an on-line, real time 1 financial transaction with a merchant using another 2 currency. The ATM network discussed above allows this 3 type of transaction to occur. For example, a United 4 States citizen traveling in a foreign country can 5 utilize their ATM debit card in a local ATM to get a 6 designated amount of the local currency. 7 functionality exists within the ATM network to convert 8 the amount of local currency obtained into a 9 corresponding amount of United States dollars and debit 10 the appropriate amount. 11

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Currently, there is a need for low cost access to checking and savings accounts to perform financial transactions over the Internet. There is no current mechanism, however, that connects the ATM network to purchasers on the Internet. Most purchasers access the Internet from remote locations, such as personal computers at home or at a business. Meanwhile, access to the ATM network is typically provided only through ATM machines and POS merchant terminals directly Thus, there is currently no connected to the network. mechanism that allows purchasers and merchants using the Internet or electronic mail the real-time, on-line ATM/POS transaction functionality provided by the online ATM/POS transaction system.

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## 29 Summary of the Invention

A preferred embodiment of the present invention comprises a system for a purchaser to perform an online ATM/POS financial transaction from a personal computer over a public access communications network utilizing a universally acceptable electronic financial transaction instruction that debits a purchaser's checking or savings account. The financial transaction

1 instruction is provided in a secured format for 2 transactions sent over the public access communications network, which is external from an on-line ATM/POS 3 transaction system. The system of the present 5 invention utilizes card and security information to 6 authenticate the purchaser and validate their authority 7 to initiate the financial transaction instruction to debit the identified account. Further, the system utilizes a secure mechanism to protect the card and 10 security information as it is transmitted over the public access network to a financial institution 11 providing access to the on-line ATM/POS transaction 12 13 The system of the present invention advantageously does not require an account relationship 14 15 between the purchaser, the merchant, and the financial institution providing access to the on-line ATM/POS 16 Further, the system beneficially does not 17 require the bank used by the purchaser and/or the bank 18 19 used by the merchant to have the capability to perform financial transaction instructions over the Internet. 20 21 Additionally, the system is compatible with current 22 financial transaction systems, thus making the present financial transaction instruction a universally 23 acceptable on-line ATM/POS transaction from a source 24 external from the on-line ATM/POS transaction system. 25 According to a preferred embodiment, a method of 27

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performing a financial transaction between a purchaser and a merchant, comprises creating purchaser payment instructions comprising encrypted, electronic representations of a purchaser transaction amount, card information and security information. information identifies a checking or savings account at purchaser's bank and the security information comprises a personal identification number associated with the identified card number for authorizing its use in an

on-line ATM/POS transaction. The card information and 1 the security information must be encrypted, using an 2 encryption method dictated by on-line ATM/POS 3 transaction system standards. The purchaser payment 4 instructions are protected by a first secure mechanism, 5 such as encryption or digital signature. The digital 6 signature of the purchaser provides verification of the 7 identity of the purchaser and the integrity of the 8 purchaser payment instruction. The purchaser payment 9 instructions are electronically delivered to the 10 merchant, such as over a public access network like the 11 Internet. Merchant payment instructions are appended 12 to the purchaser payment instructions to create 13 financial transaction instructions. The merchant 14 15 payment instructions comprise merchant identification 16 and merchant deposit account identification used in performing the transaction. The financial transaction 17 instructions are protected by a second secure 18 mechanism, such as with encryption and/or by the 19 digital signature of the merchant. The merchant's 20 digital signature provides verification of the 21 merchant's identity and of the integrity of the 22 financial transaction instructions. A digital 23 certificate of the merchant may be appended to the 24 financial transaction instructions, where the 25 merchant's digital certificate provides additional 26 verification of the merchant's identity and the 27 integrity of the financial transaction instructions. 28 30

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The financial transaction instructions are electronically delivered, such as over the Internet, to a financial institution offering access to the on-line ATM/POS transaction system to perform the financial transaction. The financial institution removes and reformats the encrypted financial transaction instructions to form an ATM/POS transaction request.

1	Reformatting the information comprises placing the
2	ATM/POS transaction request in a form accepted by the
3	on-line ATM/POS transaction system. The ATM/POS
4	transaction request is electronically delivered to the
5	purchaser's bank through the on-line ATM/POS
6	transaction system. A response message is received at
7	the financial institution from the purchaser's bank
8	through the on-line ATM/POS transaction system, where
9	the response message is an approval if the financial
10	transaction is acceptable and a denial if the financial
11	transaction is unacceptable. An authorization message
12	is electronically delivered to the merchant to indicate
13	whether the response message is an approval or a
14	denial. If the response message is an approval, then
15	the identified account number is debited by the
16	transaction amount and a credit equivalent to the
17	transaction amount is sent to the merchant's deposit
18	account. Thus, the present invention provides a system
19	and method for a low cost, electronic financial
20	transaction instruction for an on-line ATM/POS
21	transaction from a source external from the on-line
22	ATM/POS transaction system utilizing checking or
23	savings account funds.
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26	Brief Description Of The Drawings
27	Fig. 1 is a schematic representation of one
28	embodiment of a system according to the present
29	invention;
30	Figs. 2A-2C are flow charts representing one
31	embodiment of a method of the present invention;
32	Fig. 3 is a more detailed schematic representation
33	of a portion of the system of Fig. 1; and
34	Figs. 4A-4C are flow charts representing another
35	embodiment of a method of the present invention.

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## Detailed Description Of The Invention 1 The present invention comprises a system and 2 method for a purchaser to perform an on-line ATM/POS 3 transaction utilizing checking and savings account 4 funds from a transaction source external from the on-5 line ATM/POS transaction system, such as a personal 6 computer connected to the Internet. According to one 7 preferred embodiment of the present invention, 8 referring to Fig. 1, a system 10 for performing a 9 financial transaction comprises a purchaser 12 remotely 10 interacting 13 with a merchant 14 over a communications 11 network 16, such as a public access network like the 12 Internet and its World Wide Web or electronic mail (e-13 mail) protocols, and other similar networks. 14 12 provides merchant 14 with digitally signed and/or 15 encrypted, electronic purchaser payment instructions 16 Purchaser payment instructions 15 include 17 encrypted card information and security information. 18 Merchant 14 adds merchant payment instructions 17, such 19 as merchant identification and transaction amount 20 information, to purchaser payment instructions 15 to 21 form an electronic financial transaction instruction 18 22 that the merchant digitally signs and/or encrypts. 23 Financial transaction instructions 18 thus comprise 24 data suitable for performing an on-line ATM/POS 25 transaction. Merchant 14 remotely transfers financial 26 transaction instruction 18 over communications network 27 20, which is similar or the same as communications 28 network 16, to a financial institution 22. 29 alternate embodiment, merchant 14 may send financial 30 transaction instruction 18 to a merchant service 31 provider that handles the merchant's financial 32 transactions, which then forwards the financial 33 transaction instruction to financial institution 22. 34 Financial institution 22 is a bank or other service 35 provider that provides purchaser 12 with indirect

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access to the on-line ATM/POS transaction system 24,
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      such as the ATM network. As such, financial
      institution 22 removes the data suitable for performing
 3
      an on-line ATM/POS transaction from financial
      transaction instruction 18.
                                   Financial institution 22
      formats the data into a standard ATM/POS transaction
 7
      request 26 and performs a standard ATM/POS transaction.
      just like a transaction performed at an ATM or at a
 8
      merchant POS terminal.
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           As such, financial institution 22 sends
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      transaction request 26 to purchaser's bank 28 through
      on-line ATM/POS transaction system 24. Purchaser's
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      bank 28 returns a response message 30 to financial
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      institution 22 comprising an authorization if
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      transaction request 26 is approved, or a denial if not
17
      approved. Correspondingly, purchaser's bank 28 debits
      an account identified in transaction request 26 if the
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      request is approved. Financial institution 22 notifies
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      merchant 14 of the approval status of the financial
      transaction instruction 18 by sending an authorization
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      message 32 over network 20. Correspondingly, if the
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      transaction is approved, financial institution 22
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      provides merchant's bank 34 with a credit 36 through a
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      bank payment system network 38, such as the Automated
26
      Clearing House (ACH). Upon receiving authorization
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      message 32, merchant 14 may then complete the
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      transaction, if required. As a result, purchaser 12
      and merchant 14 perform a financial transaction with a
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      quaranteed payment that is authorized in real time and
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      on-line. Thus, the present invention provides a system
      and method for an on-line ATM/POS transaction over a
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      public access network external from the on-line ATM/POS
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      transaction system.
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           Typically, on-line ATM/POS transactions are only
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performed at sources that are directly connected to the 1 on-line ATM/POS transaction system through a hard-2 wired, direct connection to an on-line ATM/POS service 3 provider, such as financial institution 22. The hard-4 wired, direct connection is typically a private 5 telephone line that is leased from the service provider 6 or from the ATM/POS network provider. For example, 7 ATM's and merchant POS terminals are directly connected to the on-line ATM/POS transaction system. As such, access to the on-line ATM/POS network is generally 10 restricted to these sources. 11

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In contrast, the present invention is a system that provides on-line ATM/POS transaction capability over a public access network or open network, such as the Internet. The rise in commerce being performed over public access networks with no direct connections to, or that are external from, the on-line ATM/POS system has created a new point-of-sale. One example of such a new point of sale is a personal computer connected to the Internet. These new points-of-sale, however, are outside of the current paradigm for connection to the on-line ATM/POS system. As a result, reliable and secure methods for performing an on-line ATM/POS transaction from these new POS sources are lacking. Therefore, the present invention beneficially allows a consumer the convenience of utilizing checking or savings account funds in an on-line ATM/POS transaction from a source that is remote from the online ATM/POS system, such as the Internet, thereby resulting in an external ATM/POS transaction that is on-line and in real time.

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As used herein, the term "purchaser" refers to an entity that is exchanging value for a good, a service or for other value. The purchaser is the owner of, or

rightfully has access to, the savings or checking 1 account that comprises the funds or value utilized by 2 the purchaser in the transaction. The term "merchant" 3 refers to an entity that is exchanging a good, a service or value for the purchaser's value. Typically, 5 the purchaser is on a public access network, such as 6 the Internet, buying items from the merchant. Although, as one skilled in the art will realize, many 8 other similar financial transactions may be performed 9 utilizing the present invention. 10

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Financial transaction instruction 18, as is discussed in more detail below, comprises all of the data necessary to perform an on-line ATM/POS transaction. Typically, this information comprises information concerning the purchaser, the merchant and the transaction. Purchaser information may comprise name identification, a card number used as a source of value for debiting, and a personal identification number (PIN) for authenticating the purchaser for use The card number is then crossof the card number. referenced to an account number within the systems of purchaser's bank. Similarly, merchant information may include name identification, and an account number for crediting with value. Finally, transaction information or purchase order information may comprise the quantities, identification and prices of goods and services, the transaction amount, the transaction date and the transaction time, etc. All of this information is typically contained in purchaser and merchant payment instructions, as is discussed below.

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Referring to Figs. 2A-2C and 3, a preferred system 10 of the present invention comprises purchaser 12 making a purchase from merchant 14, such as a purchaser accessing a merchant's World Wide Web site with a

personal computer or other source that is external 1 from, or not directly connected to, the on-line ATM/POS 2 transaction system 24 (Fig. 2, Block 110). 3 placing an order for an item from the site, purchaser 4 12 is presented with a number of payment options (Block 5 112). One of the payment options is to perform the 6 transaction utilizing funds from the purchaser's 7 checking or savings account. Upon selecting this 8 option (Block 114), purchaser 12 is prompted to provide 9 card information 39 (Fig. 3) and security information 10 40 (Fig. 3) to identify and authenticate themself and 11 validate the transaction (Block 116). 12

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Referring to Fig. 3, card information 39 is contained in memory 42 on card 44, such as an ATM, debit and smart card, or is contained within software 46 within memory 48 of computer 50 utilized by Computer 50, such as a personal computer purchaser 12. located at the purchaser's home or business, may further comprise a processor 52 and an input/output 54 connected to communications network 16. information 39 may comprise cardholder data 56, such as the name of the cardholder, and card number data 58. Card number data 58 includes a bank identification number used to direct the transaction through on-line ATM/POS system 24 (Fig. 1). Further, card number data 58 includes a number that is associated with the actual savings or checking account number in purchaser's bank 28 to be used to fund the transaction. Also, card information 39 may comprise any other type of data that purchaser's bank 28 may choose to include in memory 42 The ATM card comprises a as allowed by ISO standards. magnetic stripe that holds card information 39, while the smart card contains similar information within an embedded microcomputer. Additionally, security information 40 comprises a secret number known by the

cardholder and the card issuer, such as a personal identification number (PIN) 60. PIN 60 is a number that is used by a cardholder to identify themself to their bank to authorize on-line ATM/POS transactions.

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Purchaser 12 may enter card information 39 and 7 security information 40 by placing card 44 into 8 communication with card reader interface 62 of card reader device 64 and by entering PIN 60 into keypad 66 9 10 of the card reader device. For example, the purchaser 11 may use a Citibank ATM card and insert it into a magnetic stripe reader/writer device. Alternatively, 12 13 the purchaser may use a Citibank Smart Card and insert it into a smart card reader/writer device, such as the 14 PC PAY PC2200 product from Innovonics, Inc. of Phoenix, 15 16 Arizona. Card reader device 64 may further comprise a 17 processor 68 and a memory 70, including security software 72 comprising encryption algorithms. 18 19 software 72 encrypts card information 39 and security 20 information 40 (Block 116) according to ATM/POS network 21 standards, which currently comprise encrypting the data 22 according to the Data Encryption Standard (DES). is a symmetric encryption method where financial 23 institution 22 (Fig. 1) holds the decryption key. 24 Although, as one skilled in the art will realize, many 25 other encryption methods may be utilized. Card reader 26 27 device 64 forwards the encrypted card information 39 and security information 40 to computer 50, which may 28 also add other information to form purchaser payment 29 30 instructions 15 (Block 118). Purchaser payment instructions 15 may comprise many other instructions, 31 32 such as purchase order information including the 33 quantity and price of the good/service and purchaser's 34 transaction amount, delivery information, authorization 35 to add shipping costs up to a specified limit, 36 authorizations to make payment in a foreign currency

while debiting the account in U.S. dollars, etc.

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Additionally, secure mechanism 74 is an security method utilized to protect purchaser payment instructions 15 in the transfer to merchant 14 or any other entity (Block 120) over communications network Secure mechanism 74 provides integrity assurance, verifying that purchaser payment instructions 15 have not been altered, and also allows financial institution 22 to confirm the identity of purchaser 12. example, secure mechanism 74 may comprise one or a combination of the following operations on purchaser payment instructions 15: symmetric encryption, asymmetric encryption, a purchaser's verifiable digital signature and a verifiable digital certificate. Although, as one skilled in the art will realize, many other security methods may be utilized. Preferably, purchaser payment instructions 15 are digitally signed The digital signature of purchaser 12 by purchaser 12. verifies purchaser's identity and that purchaser payment instructions 15 have not been altered. provides a first level of protection for transmitting purchaser payment instructions 15 over communications A digital certificate may also be used to network 16. provide verification of the identity of the sender, as well as providing the sender's public key for use in sending an encrypted response back to the sender.

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A second level of privacy and protection comprises encrypting the digitally signed purchaser payment instructions 15 before transmission to merchant 14. Depending on the what kind of privacy is required, and between which parties, this second level of privacy provided by secure mechanism 74 may comprise any or a combination of symmetric and asymmetric encryption. For example, purchaser 12 may want or allow merchant 14

1 to have access to the portion of purchaser payment 2 instructions 15 comprising the purchase order 3 information. In this case, then an encryption method is chosen that allows merchant 14 and financial 5 institution 22 the ability to decrypt this portion of purchaser payment instructions 15. In this case, 7 however, financial institution 22 is still the only 8 party able to decrypt the encrypted card information 39 and security information 40 within purchaser payment 9 10 instructions 15. Alternatively, purchaser 12 may encrypt the digitally signed purchase payment 11 instructions 15 in such as way so that decryption of 12 13 the whole purchaser payment instructions 15 may be performed only by financial institution 22. 14 15 secure mechanism 74 provides a first level of protection with the digital signature, and a further 16 level of protection and privacy with encryption of the 17 digitally signed purchaser payment instructions 15. 18 19 Therefore, purchaser 12 provides merchant 14 with 20 purchaser payment instructions 15 that comprise optionally encrypted, digitally signed and DES 21 22 encrypted card information 39 and security information 40 utilized in an on-line ATM/POS transaction. 23 24 Merchant 14 appends merchant payment instructions 25 17 to purchaser payment instructions 15 to form 26 27 financial transaction instructions 18 (Block 122). Merchant payment instructions 17 may comprise 28 information identifying merchant's bank 34 and 29 merchant's deposit account number for crediting, as 30 well as other similar merchant information related to 31 the transaction. Merchant payment instructions 17 may 32 also include purchase order information including 33

merchant's transaction amount, merchant identification

information, the currency to be utilized, etc. Secure

mechanism 76 (Fig. 1) is utilized to protect the

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transmission of financial transaction instructions 18, 1 comprising the secure mechanism 74 protected purchaser 2 payment instructions 15 and merchant payment 3 instructions 17, over communications network 20. Secure mechanism 76, similar to secure mechanism 74, 5 provides integrity assurance by verifying that financial transaction instructions 18 have not been altered, and also allows financial institution 22 to R confirm the identity of merchant 14. For example, 9 secure mechanism 76 may comprise one or a combination 10 of the following operations on financial transaction 11 instructions 18: symmetric encryption, asymmetric 12 encryption, a purchaser's verifiable digital signature 13 and a verifiable digital certificate. Although, as one 14 skilled in the art will realize, many other security 15 methods may be utilized. Preferably, financial 16 transaction instructions 18 are digitally signed by 17 merchant 14. The digital signature of merchant 14 18 verifies merchant's identity and that financial 19 transaction instructions 18 have not been altered. 20 This provides a first level of protection for 21 transmitting financial transaction instructions 18 over 22 communications network 20. Since there may be no 23 relationship between merchant 14 and financial 24 institution 22, a digital certificate may also be used 25 to provide verification of the identity of merchant 14, 26 as well as providing the merchant's public key for use 27 in sending an encrypted response back to the merchant. 28 29 A second level of privacy and protection comprises 30 encrypting the digitally signed financial transaction 31 instructions 18 before transmission to financial 32 institution 22. Since the digital signature of 33 financial transaction instructions 18 that includes 34 merchant payment instructions 17, such as the

merchant's account number, leaves the merchant payment

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instructions in the clear, the merchant may have a 1 strong motivation to further protect the privacy of the transaction. To further increase security, all or a portion of financial transaction instructions 18 may be encrypted by merchant 14 with a key preferably known 5 only by the merchant and financial institution 22. 6 Thus, similar to purchaser payment instructions 15, 7 financial transaction instructions 18 are protected by 8 secure mechanism 76 (Fig. 1) and transferred through 9 communications network 20 to financial institution 22 10 (Block 124). 11

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Financial institution 22 receives the protected 13 financial transaction instructions 18 and decrypts them 14 (Block 126). Financial institution 22 then validates 15 financial transaction instructions 18, as well as 16 insuring that purchase order information, purchaser's 17 and merchant's transaction amount and other information 18 utilized in performing the transaction is in agreement 19 between purchaser 12 and merchant 14. As mentioned 20 above, the present invention advantageously does not 21 require any type of account relationship between 22 purchaser 12, merchant 14 and financial institution 22. 23 The purchaser 12 and/or merchant 14 only need to 24 exchange keys with financial institution 22 for 25 encryption/decryption purposes. Financial institution 26 22 then reformats card information 39 and security 27 information 40 into transaction request 26 that meets 28 the standard for an on-line ATM/POS transaction. 29 Transaction request 26 is routed through and processed 30 by on-line ATM/POS transaction system 24 (Block 128). 31 Typically, transaction request 26 is required to be 32 sent in an encrypted format over on-line ATM/POS 33 network 24 according to set standards. For example, 34 financial institution 22 such as Citibank' may route 35 transaction request 26 through Citishare', Citibank's 36

ATM/POS network interface. Financial institution 22 1 and on-line ATM/POS transaction system 24 thus treat 2 transaction request 26 as if it were an electronic 3 transaction initiated at a merchant POS terminal, an ATM terminal or some other similar source directly 5 connected to on-line ATM/POS transaction system 24. 6 formatting transaction request 26 as a typical on-line 7 ATM/POS transaction, the present invention allows 8 financial transaction instructions 18 to be universally 9 accepted by existing on-line ATM/POS financial 10 transaction networks. Thus, the settlement of 11 financial transaction instructions 18 follows the 12 standard procedure which is used for typical on-line 13 ATM/POS transactions. 14

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Purchaser's bank 28 decrypts (if necessary) 16 transaction request 26 and verifies purchaser's card 17 information 39 and security information 40. 18 Additionally, purchaser's bank 28 performs a number of 19 other checks, such to determine whether or not the card 20 is stolen, the account is blocked, etc. Purchaser's 21 bank 28 then approves or disapproves the transaction 22 on-line and in real time, as it would any other on-line 23 ATM/POS transaction initiated at an ATM or a merchant 24 location (Block 130). Purchaser's bank 28 makes an 25 approval/disapproval decision by determining if the 26 account associated with card information 39 has 27 sufficient funds to cover the transaction amount 28 identified in transaction request 26. 29 If approved, then the transaction amount is reserved from the 30 identified account so that it is not available for 31 later transactions. Purchaser's bank sends the 32 approval/disapproval information in response message 30 33 to financial institution 22 through on-line ATM/POS 34 transaction system 24 (Block 132). Financial 35 institution 22 then sends authorization message 32 back 36

to merchant 14 in real time (Block 134). The term "real 1 time" preferably means a time in the range of about seconds to about minutes, although it could be longer. 3 Preferably, the time period from initialization of the transaction to the merchant receiving authorization 5 message 32 is real time. If approved, financial institution 22 initiates a credit, using traditional 7 payment systems such as ACH system 38, to merchant's 8 account at merchant's bank 34 in accordance with the 9 10 instructions contained in merchant's payment instructions 17 (Block 136). The settlement of 11 financial transaction instruction 18 typically occurs 12 at the end of the business day of the transaction, as 13 purchaser's account is debited and merchant's account 14 Thus, with real time verified funding and 15 is credited. confidence of a payment, a merchant is able to respond 16 within minutes to an order over the Internet comprising 17 a low cost financial transaction presented by a 18 purchaser on a personal computer utilizing checking or 19 savings account funds (Block 138). 20

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22 Referring to Figs. 4A-4C, an e-mail method for performing an on-line ATM/POS transaction similar to 23 that in Figs. 3A-3C is described. Rather than the 24 transaction being performed over a World Wide Web site, 25 however, in Figs. 4A-4C the transaction is performed 26 27 via e-mail. As such, the initiation of the transaction is somewhat different. In performing an on-line 28 ATM/POS transaction using e-mail, the purchaser 29 accesses payment software in their computer that allows 30 them to utilize their checking and savings account in 31 32 an e-mail payment transaction (Block 210). software allows order information to be associated with 33 a selected payment option (Block 212). Once the 34 appropriate account is selected (Block 214), the 35 remainder of the method (Blocks 216-238) is basically 36

the same as the method in Figs. 3A-3C except that
communications network 16 (Fig. 1) between purchaser
and merchant and/or communications network 20 (Fig. 1)
between merchant and financial institution is
preferably e-mail.

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The present invention advantageously allows any consumer with a valid ATM card or smart card, issued by any financial institution anywhere in the world, to utilize their checking or savings account from a personal computer in an on-line ATM/POS transaction over the Internet. Because the present invention provides a financial transaction instruction that can be utilized with existing on-line ATM/POS transaction systems, the option to perform a checking or savings account transaction over the Internet is available to anyone with a hardware device capable of reading information from an ATM card or smart card and the software to securely send the information over a public access network to a financial institution providing access to the on-line ATM/POS transaction system. present invention allows any consumer having a valid ATM card or smart card to perform an electronic financial transaction instruction, regardless of whether or not their financial institution offers this service. Therefore, the availability of Internet transactions involving checking and savings accounts is dramatically expanded to all consumers having ATM or smart cards.

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Additionally, the present system may also be utilized for numerous other transactions involving checking or savings accounts. For example, the present system may be advantageously utilized to electronically pay bills, transfer money between individuals, and to perform business to business payments using the World

Wide Web, e-mail and all of the other Internet protocols.

Although the invention has been described with reference to these preferred embodiments, other embodiments can achieve the same results. Variations and modifications of the present invention will be apparent to one skilled in the art and the following claims are intended to cover all such modifications and equivalents.

Claims

What is claimed is:

 A method of performing a financial transaction between a purchaser and a merchant, comprising:

creating an electronic financial transaction instruction for performing an on-line ATM/POS transaction over a first public access network, the financial transaction instruction comprising card information, security information and transaction amount information suitable for performing the on-line ATM/POS transaction, wherein the card information and security information are encrypted according to ATM/POS transaction system standards;

including card number data suitable for use in an on-line ATM/POS transaction with the card information, wherein the card number data is associated with a checking or savings account in purchaser's bank for funding the on-line ATM/POS transaction;

including personal identification number data suitable for use in an on-line ATM/POS transaction with the security information, wherein the personal identification number data is associated with the card number data to identify the purchaser and authorize use of the card number data; and

protecting the financial transaction instruction for transmission over the first public access network by utilizing a first secure mechanism, wherein the first secure mechanism provides verification of the identity of the purchaser and the integrity of the financial transaction instruction.

2. A method of performing a financial transaction as recited in claim 1, wherein creating the financial transaction instruction is performed on a personal

computer external from the on-line ATM/POS transaction system.

 3. A method of performing a financial transaction as recited in claim 2, wherein the first secure mechanism provides at least a first level of protection comprising performing an operation on the financial transaction instruction to provide verification of the identity of the purchaser and the integrity of the financial transaction instruction while leaving all of the financial transaction instruction in the clear except for the encrypted card information and security information.

4. A method of performing a financial transaction as recited in claim 3, wherein the first level of protection comprises digitally signing the financial transaction instruction with the digital signature of the purchaser.

5. A method of performing a financial transaction as recited in claim 3, wherein the first level of protection comprises appending a digital certificate of the purchaser to the financial transaction instruction.

6. A method of performing a financial transaction as recited in claim 2, wherein the first secure mechanism comprises encrypting the financial transaction instruction.

7. A method of performing a financial transaction as recited in claim 3, wherein the first secure mechanism further comprises a second level of protection including encrypting the financial transaction instruction for secure transmission over the first public access network.

27 A method of performing a financial transaction 1 2 as recited in claim 7, wherein the encrypting the financial transaction for the second level of 3 protection comprises encrypting in a manner decryptable 4 5 by the merchant. 6 A method of performing a financial transaction 7 8 as recited in claim 7, wherein the encrypting the financial transaction for the second level of 9 10 protection comprises encrypting in a manner decryptable

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A method of performing a financial transaction as recited in claim 7, further comprising transmitting the financial transaction instruction to a financial institution providing access to the on-line ATM/POS transaction system.

by a financial institution providing access to the on-

line ATM/POS transaction system.

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A method of performing a financial transaction as recited in claim 10, further comprising decrypting and verifying the financial transaction instruction and creating an on-line ATM/POS transaction request utilizing the card information, security information and transaction amount information.

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12. A method of performing a financial transaction as recited in claim 11, wherein the financial institution performs the decrypting and verifying of the financial transaction instruction and the creating the on-line ATM/POS transaction request.

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A method of performing a financial transaction as recited in claim 11, further comprising transmitting the transaction request to purchaser's bank over the on-line ATM/POS transaction system.

1	14. A method of performing a financial			
2	transaction as recited in claim 13, further comprising			
3	transmitting an authorization message indicating the			
4	approval status of the transaction request.			
5				
6	15. A method of performing a financial			
7	transaction as recited in claim 3, further comprising			
8	transmitting the financial transaction instruction to			
9	the merchant over the first public access network.			
10				
11	16. A method of performing a financial			
12	transaction as recited in claim 15, wherein the first			
13	public access network is the Internet.			
14				
15	17. A method of performing a financial			
16	transaction as recited in claim 16, wherein the			
17	Internet protocol is the World Wide Web.			
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19	18. A method of performing a financial			
20	transaction as recited in claim 16, wherein the			
21	Internet protocol is electronic mail.			
22				
23	19. A method of performing a financial			
24	transaction as recited in claim 15, further comprising			
25	appending merchant payment instructions to the			
26	financial transaction instruction.			
27				
28	20. A method of performing a financial			
29	transaction as recited in claim 19, further comprising			
30	protecting the financial transaction instruction for			
31	transmission over a second public access network by			
32	utilizing a second secure mechanism, wherein the second			
33.	secure mechanism provides verification of the identity			
34	of the merchant and the integrity of the financial			

transaction instruction.

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A method of performing a financial 1 transaction as recited in claim 20, wherein the second 2 secure mechanism provides at least a first type of 3 protection comprising performing an operation on the 4 financial transaction instruction to provide 5 verification of the identity of the purchaser and the 6 integrity of the financial transaction instruction 7 while leaving all of the financial transaction 8 instruction in the clear except for the encrypted card 9 information and security information. 10 11 A method of performing a financial 12 transaction as recited in claim 21, wherein the first 13 type of protection comprises digitally signing the 14 financial transaction instruction with the digital 15 signature of the merchant. 16 17 A method of performing a financial 18 transaction as recited in claim 21, wherein the first 19 type of protection comprises appending a digital 20 certificate of the merchant to the financial 21 transaction instruction. 22 23 24. A method of performing a financial 24 transaction as recited in claim 20, wherein the second 25 secure mechanism comprises encrypting the financial 26 transaction instruction. 27 28 A method of performing a financial 29 transaction as recited in claim 21, wherein the second 30 secure mechanism further includes a second type of 31 protection comprising encrypting the financial 32 transaction instruction for secure transmission over 33 the second public access network. 34

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26. A method of performing a financial

transaction as recited in claim 25, wherein the 1 encrypting the financial transaction for the second 2 type of protection comprises encrypting in a manner 3 decryptable by a financial institution providing access to the on-line ATM/POS transaction system. 5

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A method of performing a financial transaction as recited in claim 25, further comprising transmitting the financial transaction instruction to a financial institution providing access to the on-line ATM/POS transaction system

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28. A method of performing a financial transaction as recited in claim 27, further comprising decrypting and verifying the financial transaction instruction and creating an on-line ATM/POS transaction request utilizing the card information, security information and transaction amount information.

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A method of performing a financial 29. transaction as recited in claim 28, wherein the financial institution performs the decrypting and verifying of the financial transaction instruction and the creating the on-line ATM/POS transaction request.

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A method of performing a financial transaction as recited in claim 27, further comprising transmitting the transaction request to purchaser's bank over the on-line ATM/POS transaction system.

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A method of performing a financial transaction as recited in claim 30, further comprising transmitting to the merchant an authorization message indicating the approval status of the transaction request.

32. A method of performing a financial transaction between a purchaser and a merchant, comprising:

creating an electronic financial transaction instruction for performing an on-line ATM/POS transaction over a first public access network, the financial transaction instruction comprising card information, security information and transaction amount information suitable for performing the on-line ATM/POS transaction, wherein the card information and security information are encrypted according to ATM/POS transaction system standards;

including card number data suitable for use in an on-line ATM/POS transaction with the card information, wherein the card number data is associated with a checking or savings account in purchaser's bank for funding the on-line ATM/POS transaction;

including personal identification number data suitable for use in an on-line ATM/POS transaction with the security information, wherein the personal identification number data is associated with the card number data to identify the purchaser and authorize use of the card number data; and

protecting the financial transaction instruction for transmission over the first public access network by utilizing a first secure mechanism, wherein the first secure mechanism comprises a first level of protection and a second level of protection, wherein the first level of protection comprises performing an operation on the financial transaction instruction to provide verification of the identity of the purchaser and the integrity of the financial transaction instruction while leaving all of the financial transaction instruction instruction in the clear except for the encrypted card information and security information, and wherein the second level of protection comprises

1 encrypting the financial transaction instruction for 2 secure transmission over the first public access network. 3 4 5 A method of performing a financial transaction as recited in claim 32, wherein creating the financial transaction instruction is performed on a 7 personal computer external from the on-line ATM/POS 8 9 transaction system. 10 11 34. A method of performing a financial transaction as recited in claim 33, wherein the first 12 13 public access network is the Internet. 14 15 35. A method of performing a financial 16 transaction as recited in claim 34, wherein the 17 Internet protocol is the World Wide Web. 18 19 36. A method of performing a financial transaction as recited in claim 34, wherein the 20 21 Internet protocol is electronic mail. 22 23 A method of performing a financial 24 transaction as recited in claim 33, wherein the first level of protection comprises digitally signing the 25 26 financial transaction instruction with the digital 27 signature of the purchaser. 28 29 A method of performing a financial 30 transaction as recited in claim 33, wherein the first 31 level of protection comprises appending a digital 32 certificate of the purchaser to the financial 33 transaction instruction. 34 35 A method of performing a financial 36 transaction as recited in claim 33, further comprising

transmitting the financial transaction instruction to a financial institution providing access to the on-line ATM/POS transaction system.

40. A method of performing a financial transaction as recited in claim 39, further comprising decrypting and verifying the financial transaction instruction and creating an on-line ATM/POS transaction request utilizing the card information, security information and transaction amount information.

41. A method of performing a financial transaction as recited in claim 40, further comprising transmitting the transaction request to purchaser's bank over the on-line ATM/POS transaction system.

42. A method of performing a financial transaction as recited in claim 41, further comprising transmitting an authorization message indicating the approval status of the transaction request.

43. A method of performing a financial transaction between a purchaser and a merchant, comprising:

creating an electronic purchaser payment instruction for performing an on-line ATM/POS transaction over a first public access network, the purchaser payment instruction comprising card information, security information and transaction amount information suitable for performing the on-line ATM/POS transaction, wherein the card information and security information are encrypted according to ATM/POS transaction system standards;

including card number data suitable for use in an on-line ATM/POS transaction with the card information, wherein the card number data is associated with a

checking or savings account in purchaser's bank for funding the on-line ATM/POS transaction;

including personal identification number data suitable for use in an on-line ATM/POS transaction with the security information, wherein the personal identification number data is associated with the card number data to identify the purchaser and authorize use of the card number data;

protecting the purchaser payment instruction for transmission over the first public access network by utilizing a first secure mechanism, wherein the first secure mechanism comprises a first level of protection and a second level of protection, wherein the first level of protection comprises performing an operation on the purchaser payment instruction to provide verification of the identity of the purchaser and the integrity of the purchaser payment instruction while leaving all of the purchaser payment instruction in the clear except for the encrypted card information and security information, and wherein the second level of protection comprises encrypting the purchaser payment instruction for secure transmission over the first public access network;

appending merchant payment instructions to the purchaser payment instruction to form a financial transaction instruction; and

protecting the financial transaction instruction for transmission over a second public access network by utilizing a second secure mechanism, wherein the second secure mechanism provides verification of the identity of the merchant and the integrity of the financial transaction instruction.

44. A method of performing a financial transaction as recited in claim 43, wherein creating the financial transaction instruction is performed on a

personal computer external from the on-line ATM/POS 1 2 transaction system. 3 A method of performing a financial 4 transaction as recited in claim 44, wherein the first 5 public access network and the second public access 6 network is the Internet. 7 8 A method of performing a financial 9 10 transaction as recited in claim 45, wherein the Internet protocol is the World Wide Web. 11 12 13 47. A method of performing a financial transaction as recited in claim 45, wherein the 14 15 Internet protocol is electronic mail. 16 A method of performing a financial 17 transaction as recited in claim 43, wherein the first 18 19 level of protection comprises digitally signing the financial transaction instruction with the digital 20 signature of the purchaser. 21 22 23 A method of performing a financial 24 transaction as recited in claim 43, wherein the first 25 level of protection comprises appending a digital certificate of the purchaser to the financial 26 transaction instruction. 27 29 A method of performing a financial 30 31 secure mechanism provides at least a first type of

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transaction as recited in claim 43, wherein the second protection comprising performing an operation on the financial transaction instruction to provide verification of the identity of the purchaser and the integrity of the financial transaction instruction while leaving all of the financial transaction

instruction in the clear except for the encrypted card information and security information.

51. A method of performing a financial transaction as recited in claim 50, wherein the first type of protection comprises digitally signing the financial transaction instruction with the digital signature of the merchant.

52. A method of performing a financial transaction as recited in claim 50, wherein the first type of protection comprises appending a digital certificate of the merchant to the financial transaction instruction.

53. A method of performing a financial transaction as recited in claim 43, wherein the second secure mechanism comprises encrypting the financial transaction instruction.

54. A method of performing a financial transaction as recited in claim 50, wherein the second secure mechanism further includes a second type of protection comprising encrypting the financial transaction instruction for secure transmission over the second public access network.

55. A method of performing a financial transaction as recited in claim 54, wherein the encrypting the financial transaction for the second type of protection comprises encrypting in a manner decryptable by a financial institution providing access to the on-line ATM/POS transaction system.

> 56. A method of performing a financial transaction as recited in claim 43, further comprising

transmitting the financial transaction instruction to a financial institution providing access to the on-line ATM/POS transaction system.

57. A method of performing a financial transaction as recited in claim 56, further comprising decrypting and verifying the financial transaction instruction and creating an on-line ATM/POS transaction request utilizing the card information, security information and transaction amount information.

58. A method of performing a financial transaction as recited in claim 57, further comprising transmitting the transaction request to purchaser's bank over the on-line ATM/POS transaction system.

59. A method of performing a financial transaction as recited in claim 58, further comprising transmitting an authorization message indicating the approval status of the transaction request.

 60. A system for a purchaser to perform a financial transaction, comprising:

a financial institution having access to an online ATM/POS transaction system for performing said
financial transaction as an on-line ATM/POS
transaction, said financial institution receiving an
electronic financial transaction instruction in a first
secured format from said purchaser sent over an
electronic public access network, said financial
transaction instruction comprising encrypted card
information and security information, wherein said card
information comprises identification of a checking or
savings account held by said purchaser to be debited in
said financial transaction and wherein said security
information comprises a personal identification number

known by said purchaser to authorize the use of said card information in said on-line ATM/POS transaction, and wherein said first secured format of said financial transaction instruction guarantees the identity of said purchaser and the integrity of said financial transaction instruction.

1	Amendments to the claims have been filed as follows			
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3	What is claimed is:			
4	1. A method of performing a financial transaction			
5	between a purchaser and a merchant, comprising:			
6	creating an electronic financial transaction			
7	instruction for performing an on-line ATM/POS			
8	transaction over a first public access network, the			
9	financial transaction instruction comprising card			
10	information, security information and transaction			
11	amount information suitable for performing the on-line			
12	ATM/POS transaction, wherein the card information and			
13	security information are encrypted according to ATM/POS			
14	transaction system standards and delivered from the			
15	purchaser to the merchant;			
16	including card number data suitable for use in an			
17	on-line ATM/POS transaction with the card information,			
18	wherein the card number data is associated with a			
19	checking or savings account in purchaser's bank for			
20	funding the on-line ATM/POS transaction;			
21	including personal identification number data			
22	suitable for use in an on-line ATM/POS transaction with			
23	the security information, wherein the personal			
24	identification number data is associated with the card			
25	number data to identify the purchaser and authorize use			
26	of the card number data; and			
27	protecting the financial transaction instruction			
28	for transmission over the first public access network			
29	by utilizing a first secure mechanism, wherein the			
30	first secure mechanism provides verification of the			
31	identity of the purchaser and the integrity of the			
32	financial transaction instruction.			
3				
34	2. A method of performing a financial transaction			
15	as recited in claim 1, wherein creating the financial			
16	transaction instruction is performed on a personal			

computer external from the on-line ATM/POS transaction system.

3. A method of performing a financial transaction as recited in claim 2, wherein the first secure mechanism provides at least a first level of protection comprising performing an operation on the financial transaction instruction to provide verification of the identity of the purchaser and the integrity of the financial transaction instruction while leaving all of the financial transaction instruction in the clear except for the encrypted card information and security information.

4. A method of performing a financial transaction as recited in claim 3, wherein the first level of protection comprises digitally signing the financial transaction instruction with the digital signature of the purchaser.

 5. A method of performing a financial transaction as recited in claim 3, wherein the first level of protection comprises appending a digital certificate of the purchaser to the financial transaction instruction.

6. A method of performing a financial transaction as recited in claim 2, wherein the first secure mechanism comprises encrypting the financial transaction instruction.

7. A method of performing a financial transaction as recited in claim 3, wherein the first secure mechanism further comprises a second level of protection including encrypting the financial transaction instruction for secure transmission over the first public access network.

8. A method of performing a financial transaction as recited in claim 7, wherein the encrypting the financial transaction for the second level of protection comprises encrypting in a manner decryptable by the merchant.

9. A method of performing a financial transaction as recited in claim 7, wherein the encrypting the financial transaction for the second level of protection comprises encrypting in a manner decryptable by a financial institution providing access to the online ATM/POS transaction system.

10. A method of performing a financial transaction as recited in claim 7, further comprising transmitting the financial transaction instruction to a financial institution providing access to the on-line ATM/POS transaction system.

 11. A method of performing a financial transaction as recited in claim 10, further comprising decrypting and verifying the financial transaction instruction and creating an on-line ATM/POS transaction request utilizing the card information, security information and transaction amount information.

12. A method of performing a financial transaction as recited in claim 11, wherein the financial institution performs the decrypting and verifying of the financial transaction instruction and the creating the on-line ATM/POS transaction request.

13. A method of performing a financial, transaction as recited in claim 11, further comprising transmitting the transaction request to purchaser's bank over the on-line ATM/POS transaction system.

14. A method of performing a financial 1 2 transaction as recited in claim 13, further comprising 3 transmitting an authorization message indicating the approval status of the transaction request. 4 5 15. A method of performing a financial 6 7 transaction as recited in claim 3, further comprising transmitting the financial transaction instruction to 8 the merchant over the first public access network. 9 10 16. A method of performing a financial 11 transaction as recited in claim 15, wherein the first 12 public access network is the Internet. 13 14 15 17. A method of performing a financial transaction as recited in claim 16, wherein the 16 Internet protocol is the World Wide Web. 17 18 18. A method of performing a financial 19 transaction as recited in claim 16, wherein the 20 Internet protocol is electronic mail. 21 22 A method of performing a financial 23 transaction as recited in claim 15, further comprising 24 appending merchant payment instructions to the 25 financial transaction instruction. 26 27 A method of performing a financial 28 transaction as recited in claim 19, further comprising 29 protecting the financial transaction instruction for 30 transmission over a second public access network by 31 utilizing a second secure mechanism, wherein the second 32 secure mechanism provides verification of the identity 33 of the merchant and the integrity of the financial 34 transaction instruction. 35

1	21. A method of performing a financial
2	transaction as recited in claim 20, wherein the second
3	secure mechanism provides at least a first type of
4	protection comprising performing an operation on the
5	financial transaction instruction to provide
6	verification of the identity of the purchaser and the
7	integrity of the financial transaction instruction
8	while leaving all of the financial transaction
9	instruction in the clear except for the encrypted card
10	information and security information.
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12	22. A method of performing a financial
13	transaction as recited in claim 21, wherein the first
14	type of protection comprises digitally signing the
15	financial transaction instruction with the digital
16	signature of the merchant.
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18	23. A method of performing a financial
19	transaction as recited in claim 21, wherein the first
20	type of protection comprises appending a digital
21	certificate of the merchant to the financial
22	transaction instruction.
23	
24	24. A method of performing a financial
25	transaction as recited in claim 20, wherein the second
26	secure mechanism comprises encrypting the financial
27	transaction instruction.
28	
29	25. A method of performing a financial
30	transaction as recited in claim 21, wherein the second
31	secure mechanism further includes a second type of
32	protection comprising encrypting the financial
33	transaction instruction for secure transmission over
34	the second public access network.
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26. A method of performing a financial

transaction as recited in claim 25, wherein the
encrypting the financial transaction for the second
type of protection comprises encrypting in a manner
decryptable by a financial institution providing access
to the on-line ATM/POS transaction system.

27. A method of performing a financial transaction as recited in claim 25, further comprising transmitting the financial transaction instruction to a financial institution providing access to the on-line ATM/POS transaction system

28. A method of performing a financial transaction as recited in claim 27, further comprising decrypting and verifying the financial transaction instruction and creating an on-line ATM/POS transaction request utilizing the card information, security information and transaction amount information.

29. A method of performing a financial transaction as recited in claim 28, wherein the financial institution performs the decrypting and verifying of the financial transaction instruction and the creating the on-line ATM/POS transaction request.

 30. A method of performing a financial transaction as recited in claim 27, further comprising transmitting the transaction request to purchaser's bank over the on-line ATM/POS transaction system.

 31. A method of performing a financial transaction as recited in claim 30, further comprising transmitting to the merchant an authorization message indicating the approval status of the transaction request.

32. A method of performing a financial transaction between a purchaser and a merchant, comprising:

creating an electronic financial transaction instruction for performing an on-line ATM/POS transaction over a first public access network, the financial transaction instruction comprising card information, security information and transaction amount information suitable for performing the on-line ATM/POS transaction, wherein the card information and security information are encrypted according to ATM/POS transaction system standards;

including card number data suitable for use in an on-line ATM/POS transaction with the card information, wherein the card number data is associated with a checking or savings account in purchaser's bank for funding the on-line ATM/POS transaction;

including personal identification number data suitable for use in an on-line ATM/POS transaction with the security information, wherein the personal identification number data is associated with the card number data to identify the purchaser and authorize use of the card number data; and

protecting the financial transaction instruction for transmission over the first public access network by utilizing a first secure mechanism, wherein the first secure mechanism comprises a first level of protection and a second level of protection, wherein the first level of protection comprises performing an operation on the financial transaction instruction to provide verification of the identity of the purchaser and the integrity of the financial transaction instruction while leaving all of the financial transaction instruction in the clear except for the encrypted card information and security information, and wherein the second level of protection comprises

1 encrypting the financial transaction instruction for 2 secure transmission over the first public access network. 3 5 A method of performing a financial 6 transaction as recited in claim 32, wherein creating 7 the financial transaction instruction is performed on a 8 personal computer external from the on-line ATM/POS 9 transaction system. 10 A method of performing a financial 11 transaction as recited in claim 33, wherein the first 12 13 public access network is the Internet. 14 15 A method of performing a financial 16 transaction as recited in claim 34, wherein the 17 Internet protocol is the World Wide Web. 18 19 A method of performing a financial transaction as recited in claim 34, wherein the 20 Internet protocol is electronic mail. 21 22 23 A method of performing a financial 24 transaction as recited in claim 33, wherein the first 25 level of protection comprises digitally signing the 26 financial transaction instruction with the digital signature of the purchaser. 27 28 29 38. A method of performing a financial 30 transaction as recited in claim 33, wherein the first level of protection comprises appending a digital 31 certificate of the purchaser to the financial 32 transaction instruction. 33 34 35 A method of performing a financial

transaction as recited in claim 33, further comprising

transmitting the financial transaction instruction to a financial institution providing access to the on-line ATM/POS transaction system.

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40. A method of performing a financial transaction as recited in claim 39, further comprising decrypting and verifying the financial transaction instruction and creating an on-line ATM/POS transaction request utilizing the card information, security information and transaction amount information.

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41. A method of performing a financial transaction as recited in claim 40, further comprising transmitting the transaction request to purchaser's bank over the on-line ATM/POS transaction system.

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42. A method of performing a financial transaction as recited in claim 41, further comprising transmitting an authorization message indicating the approval status of the transaction request.

20 21

22 43. A method of performing a financial 23 transaction between a purchaser and a merchant, 24 comprising:

creating an electronic purchaser payment
instruction for performing an on-line ATM/POS
transaction over a first public access network, the
purchaser payment instruction comprising card
information, security information and transaction
amount information suitable for performing the on-line

31 ATM/POS transaction, wherein the card information and

32 security information are encrypted according to ATM/POS

33 transaction system standards;

including card number data suitable for use in an on-line ATM/POS transaction with the card information.

36 wherein the card number data is associated with a



checking or savings account in purchaser's bank for funding the on-line ATM/POS transaction;

including personal identification number data suitable for use in an on-line ATM/POS transaction with the security information, wherein the personal identification number data is associated with the card number data to identify the purchaser and authorize use of the card number data;

protecting the purchaser payment instruction for transmission over the first public access network by utilizing a first secure mechanism, wherein the first secure mechanism comprises a first level of protection and a second level of protection, wherein the first level of protection comprises performing an operation on the purchaser payment instruction to provide verification of the identity of the purchaser and the integrity of the purchaser payment instruction while leaving all of the purchaser payment instruction in the clear except for the encrypted card information and security information, and wherein the second level of protection comprises encrypting the purchaser payment instruction for secure transmission over the first public access network;

appending merchant payment instructions to the purchaser payment instruction to form a financial transaction instruction; and

protecting the financial transaction instruction for transmission over a second public access network by utilizing a second secure mechanism, wherein the second secure mechanism provides verification of the identity of the merchant and the integrity of the financial transaction instruction.

2.2

44. A method of performing a financial transaction as recited in claim 43, wherein creating the financial transaction instruction is performed on a

personal computer external from the on-line ATM/POS 1 transaction system. 2 3 45. A method of performing a financial 4 transaction as recited in claim 44, wherein the first 5 public access network and the second public access 6 network is the Internet. 7 8 A method of performing a financial 9 transaction as recited in claim 45, wherein the 10 Internet protocol is the World Wide Web. 11 12 47. A method of performing a financial 13 transaction as recited in claim 45, wherein the 14 Internet protocol is electronic mail. 15 16 A method of performing a financial 17 transaction as recited in claim 43, wherein the first 18 level of protection comprises digitally signing the 19 financial transaction instruction with the digital 20 signature of the purchaser. 21 22 A method of performing a financial 23 transaction as recited in claim 43, wherein the first 24 level of protection comprises appending a digital 25 certificate of the purchaser to the financial 26 27 transaction instruction. 28 50. A method of performing a financial 29 transaction as recited in claim 43, wherein the second 30 secure mechanism provides at least a first type of 31 protection comprising performing an operation on the 32 financial transaction instruction to provide 33 verification of the identity of the purchaser and the 34

integrity of the financial transaction instruction

while leaving all of the financial transaction

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1 .	instruction in the clear except for the encrypted card
2	information and security information.
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4	51. A method of performing a financial
5	transaction as recited in claim 50, wherein the first
6	type of protection comprises digitally signing the
7	financial transaction instruction with the digital
8	signature of the merchant.
9	
10	52. A method of performing a financial
11	transaction as recited in claim 50, wherein the first
12	type of protection comprises appending a digital
13	certificate of the merchant to the financial
14	transaction instruction.
15	
16	53. A method of performing a financial
17	transaction as recited in claim 43, wherein the second
18	secure mechanism comprises encrypting the financial
19	transaction instruction.
20	
21	54. A method of performing a financial
22	transaction as recited in claim 50, wherein the second
23	secure mechanism further includes a second type of
24	protection comprising encrypting the financial
25	transaction instruction for secure transmission over
26	the second public access network.
27	
28	55. A method of performing a financial
29	transaction as recited in claim 54, wherein the
30	encrypting the financial transaction for the second
31	type of protection comprises encrypting in a manner
32	decryptable by a financial institution providing access
33	to the on-line ATM/POS transaction system.
34	
35	56. A method of performing a financial
36	transaction as recited in claim 43, further comprising

transmitting the financial transaction instruction to a financial institution providing access to the on-line ATM/POS transaction system.

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57. A method of performing a financial transaction as recited in claim 56, further comprising decrypting and verifying the financial transaction instruction and creating an on-line ATM/POS transaction request utilizing the card information, security information and transaction amount information.

 58. A method of performing a financial transaction as recited in claim 57, further comprising transmitting the transaction request to purchaser's bank over the on-line ATM/POS transaction system.

59. A method of performing a financial transaction as recited in claim 58, further comprising transmitting an authorization message indicating the approval status of the transaction request.

60. A system for a purchaser to perform a financial transaction, comprising:

a financial institution having access to an online ATM/POS transaction system for performing said
financial transaction as an on-line ATM/POS
transaction, said financial institution receiving an
electronic financial transaction instruction in a first
secured format from said purchaser sent over an
electronic public access network, said financial
transaction instruction comprising encrypted card
information and security information, wherein said card
information comprises identification of a checking or
savings account held by said purchaser to be debited in
said financial transaction and wherein said security

information comprises a personal identification number

known by said purchaser to authorize the use of said card information in said on-line ATM/POS transaction, and wherein said first secured format of said financial transaction instruction guarantees the identity of said purchaser and the integrity of said financial transaction instruction.







Application No:

GB 9901782.4

Claims searched: 1-60

Examiner:

Dr. Andrew Glanfield

Date of search:

15 April 1999

Patents Act 1977
Search Report under Section 17

## Databases searched:

UK Patent Office collections, including GB, EP, WO & US patent specifications, in:

UK Cl (Ed.Q): G4T (TBX)

Int C1 (Ed.6): G06F (17/60), G07F (7/10), G07G (1/14)

Other: ONLINE: EPODOC, JAPIO, WPI

## Documents considered to be relevant:

Category	Identity of documer	Relevant to claims	
x	EP 0385400 A2	(ATALLA) see whole document.	1, 32
x	WO 95/26085 A1	(INNOVONICS) see whole document.	1-7, 15-18, 32-36, 43-
X, P	US 5809143	(HUGHES) see whole document	1-7, 9-14, 32-42, 60
X	US 5351296	(NIOBRARA) see whole docume	1, 32

than, the filing date of this application.

Document indicating lack of novelty or inventive step
 Document indicating lack of inventive step if combined with one or more other documents of same category.

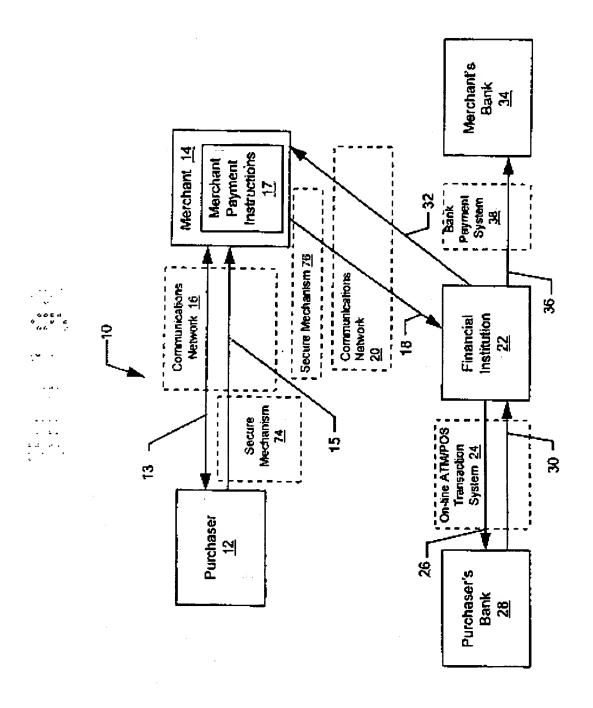
A Document indicating technological background and/or state of the art.

P Document published on or after the declared priority date but before

<sup>&</sup>amp; Member of the same patent family

the filing date of this invention.

E Patent document published on or after, but with priority date earlier



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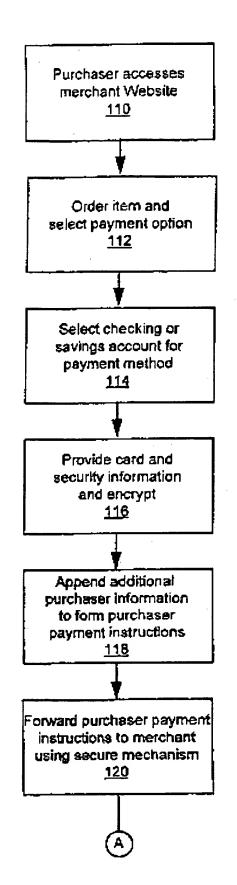


FIG.2A

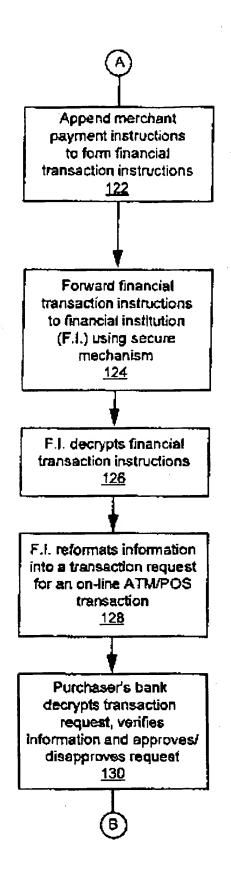


FIG.2B

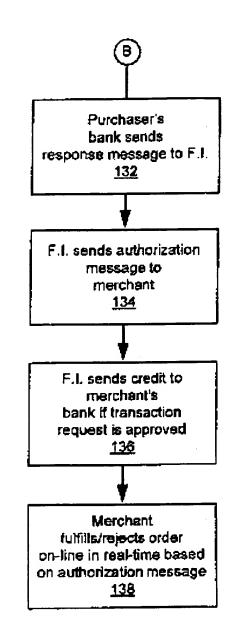
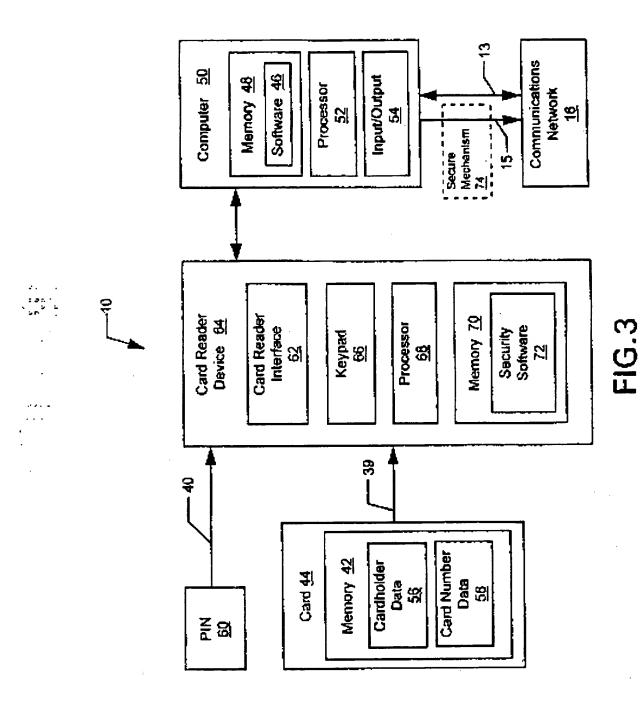


FIG.2C



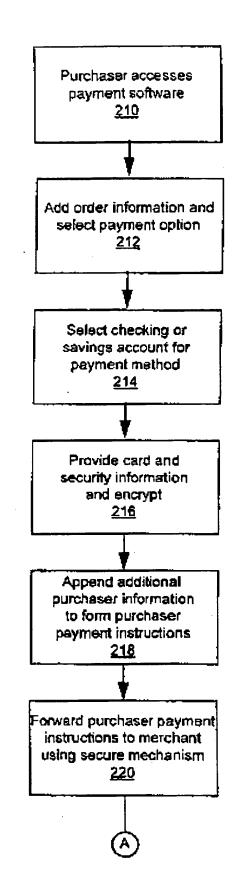


FIG.4A

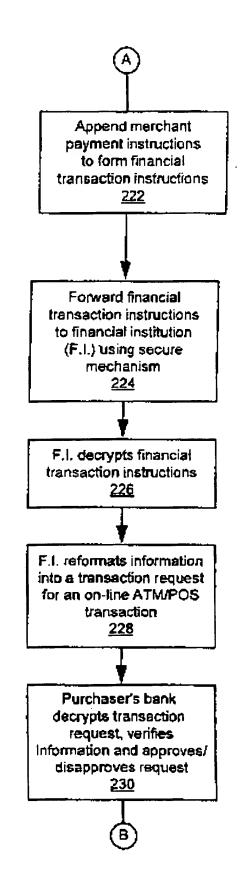


FIG.4B

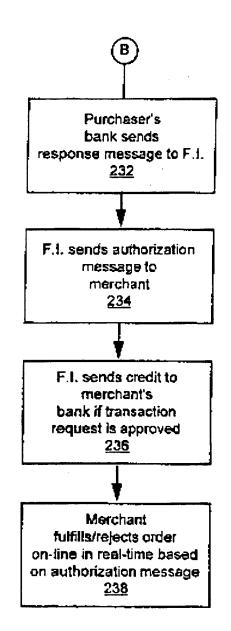


FIG.4C